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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/591,706	09/06/2006	Naoto IKEGAWA	80079(302721)	3043		
21874 7590 12/22/2010 EDWARDS ANGELL PALMER & DODGE LLP P.O. BOX 55874			EXAM	EXAMINER		
			JACKSON, MONIQUE R			
BOSTON, MA	A 02205		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1787	•		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			12/22/2010	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/591,706	IKEGAWA, NAOTO	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Monique R. Jackson	1787	

	Monique H. Jackson	1/8/	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence ad	dress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA- Extracions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CPR 1.33 after SIX (f) MCNITH'S from the mailing date of this communication.  If all the price were the state of the stat	(TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ■ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ox     2a) ■ This action is FINAL. 2b) ■ This     3) ■ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1.2.4-10 and 13-16 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  5) □ Claim(s) 1.2.4-10 and 13-16 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CF	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 3 ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application of the Applicati	on No ed in this National	Stage
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Fatent Drawing Feview (PTO-842)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D		

Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-942)	Papur No(s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	<ol> <li>Notice of Informal Patent Application</li> </ol>	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/9/10.	6) Other:	

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/12/10 has been entered.
- Claims 3 and 11-12 have been canceled. Claims 1-2, 4-10 and 13-16 are pending in the
  application. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be
  found in a prior Office action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 1-2, 4-10 and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okamoto II (USPN 7,014,921) in view of Ohbe et al (USPN 6,296,930) or JP 07-304936 (JP'936) or Furuta et al '004. Okamoto II teaches a metal-coated resin molded article comprising a film or substrate of a liquid-crystalline polyester resin composition and a metal layer formed on said film wherein the metal layer may be formed by a physical vapor deposition method and the film may be subjected to corona discharge treatment, UV irradiation treatment or plasma treatment to enhance adhesion between the film and the metal (Abstract; Col. 9-10, line 9.) Okamoto II teaches that the metal may be gold, silver, copper, nickel or aluminum, wherein copper is preferred for a TAB-tape and printed circuit board (Col. 10, lines 11-14.) Okamoto II teaches that the liquid-crystalline polyester resin composition comprises an aromatic liquid-crystalline polyester that is the reaction product obtained by performing ester-exchange and

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polycondensation reaction in the presence of an imidazole catalyst compound such as 1methylimidazole (reads upon the claimed chemical formula; Col. 3-7, particularly Col. 6, lines 1-18.) Okamoto II also teaches that the resin composition can further comprise another resin other than the liquid-crystalline polyester such as a copolymer of glycidyl methacrylate and polyethylene (an epoxy-group containing ethylene copolymer) but does not specifically teach the amount of the copolymer in the composition or the weight percentages of glycidyl methacrylate to ethylene in the copolymer as instantly claimed. However, Ohbe et al (Col. 16-17) or JP'936 or Furuta et al '004 teach that the incorporation of a glycidyl methacrylate/ethylene copolymer in amounts as instantly claimed with ethylene and glycidyl methacrylate contents as claimed provides improvements to the liquid crystalline polyester resin composition and hence one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to follow the teachings of Ohbe et al or JP'936 or Furuta et al '004 in producing the liquid-crystalline polyester resin composition and metal-coated laminate thereof as taught by Okamoto II given the predictable results and reasonable expectation of success. With regards to Claims 5-7, Okamoto II teaches that the resin composition may further contain various fillers including various fibers, plate-like fillers and whiskers (Col. 9, line16-27; Col. 10, lines 30-51) in an amount of 0.1 to 400 parts by weight, preferably from 10 parts by weight to 400 parts by weight, relative to 100 parts by weight of the aromatic liquid-crystalline polyester (Col. 10, lines 51-58; reads upon the claimed fillers and weight parts.) Though Okamoto II teaches various fiber-like inorganic fillers. Okamoto II does not specifically teach the claimed diameter and aspect ratio however it is well established in the art that the filler diameter and aspect ratio are result-effective variables affecting the mechanical properties of the resulting resin and molded article and hence one

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having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to determine the optimum particle diameter and aspect ratio to provide the desired properties for a particular end use wherein values within the claimed ranges are typical in the art. With regards to Claim 13, Okamoto II teaches that the laminate may be subjected to a heat treatment step but does not specifically recite the claimed heating conditions however one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to utilize routine experimentation to determine the optimum heating temperature based upon a particular resin composition given the reasonable expectation of success. Lastly, with regards to Claim 16, though Okamoto II teaches that the metal laminate comprising the liquid-crystalline polyester resin film and the metal layer formed thereon, particularly a copper layer for PCBs, may be utilized in producing PCBs, Okamoto II does not specifically teach forming the circuit pattern on the metal or copper layer by laser patterning however laser patterning is an obvious method of producing circuit patterns in the art and would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

### Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed 10/12/10 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Monique R. Jackson whose telephone number is 571-272-1508. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays-Thursdays, 10:00AM-5:00PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Callie Shosho can be reached on 571-272-1123. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Monique R Jackson/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1787 December 18, 2010